



Petroleum, technically known as crude oil, is a naturally occurring, flammable liquid found beneath the Earth's surface, which is extracted and refined into various products, including fuels like gasoline and diesel, as well as plastics and other chemicals.

PETROLEUM IN UTAH

Utah ranks

9th

IN THE NATION
for crude oil
production, out
of 32 producing
states.

Utah accounts for

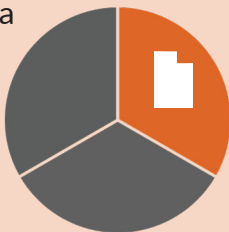
16 of every 100

barrels of crude oil produced
in the Rocky Mountain Region.



Utah's five oil refineries, all located in the Salt Lake City area, can process nearly 209,000 barrels of crude oil per calendar day.

Utah's per capita petroleum consumption ranks among the lowest one-third of the states.



Including MG, diesel and jet fuel the transportation sector uses four-fifths of the petroleum consumed in the state.



Chevron Refinery, Salt Lake City, Utah

The oil and gas industry provides urban and rural Utah communities with more than

40,000 JOBS

Pipelines carry products from Utah's refineries to local markets in the state, and further afield to Idaho, Nevada, eastern Washington, and Oregon.

Utah's refineries, which have almost two-fifths of the refining capacity in the Rocky Mountain region, produce mostly motor gasoline, diesel fuel and jet fuel.



America's oil industry officially began on August 27, 1859, when Edwin Drake drilled the first commercial oil well in Titusville, Pennsylvania.